- Melanocytes are derived from :
 (A) Ectoderm
 - (B) Endoderm
 - (C) Mesoderm
 - (D) Neural crest
- 2. Common bile duct :
 - (A) Lies right to hepatic artery
 - (B) Lies left to portal vein
 - (C) Lies posterior to hepatic artery
 - (D) Lies left to hepatic artery
- 3. Abductor of vocal cord is:
 - (A) Posterior cricoarytenoid
 - (B) Cricothyroid
 - (C) Interarytenoid
 - (D) Lateral cricoarytenoid
- Following structure is transmitted via Foramen Ovale :
 - (A) Greater petrosal nerve
 - (B) Mandibular Nerve
 - (C) Occulomotor Nerve
 - (D) Sympathetic nerve fibres
- Superficial branch of ulnar nerve supplies:
 - (A) Adductor pollicis
 - (B) Adductor digiti minimi
 - (C) Opponens digiti minimi
 - (D) Palmaris brevis
- Normal plasma osmolality in terms of mmHg:
 - (A) 285-295
 - (B) 310-340

- (C) 260-275
- (D) 270-285
- 7. A healthy human volunteer is given a slow intravenous infusion of paraamino hippuric acid (PAH) solution. In which of the following nephron segments is the PAH concentration lowest?
 - (A) Bowman's space
 - (B) Proximal tubule
 - (C) Loop of Henle
 - (D) Collecting duct
 - A 6 year old obese boy has persistent food-seeking and aggressive behaviour. A hypothalamic nuclei lesion is being suspected. What is the probable site of the lesion?
 - (A) Lateral thalamus
 - (B) Supraoptic
 - (C) Ventromedial thalamus
 - (D) Suprachiasmatic
- During diastole, the arterial pressure is maintained by :
 - (A) Elastic recoil of aorta
 - (B) Musculature of arteries
 - (C) Constriction of right ventricle
 - (D) Constriction of left ventricle
- 10. At birth, majority of the total Haemoglobin is:
 - (A) $\alpha_2 \beta_2$
 - (B) $\alpha_2 \delta_2$
 - (C) $\alpha_2 \gamma_2$
 - (D) $\alpha_2 \epsilon_2$

11.	Рер	tidyl transferase is an example	16.	:Whi	ich amino acid undergoes
	for:	Show the section of	1.0		atic deamination?
	(A)	Enzyme has all a series as great		(A)	Alanine
	(B)	Catalyst (Manager)		(B)	Glutamate
	(C)	Ribozyme		(C)	Aspartate
	(D)	Elongation factor		(D)	Glycine
12.0	The	autocatalytic cleavage enzyme			
	amo	ng the following is:	17.		ethyl guanosine cap is present
	(A)	Proelastase 2000		in:	
	(B)	Procarboxylase, V	t, ,	(A)	•
	(C)	Pepsinogen		(B)	tRNA
	(D)	Chymotrypsinogen		(C)	rRNA
13.	Alla	re seen after 24 hours of fasting		(D)	DNA
	EXC	EPT:	18.		precursor for Nitric Oxide is :
	(A)	Lipolysis	April 4	(A)	Arginine
	(B)	Muscle breakdown		(B)	Glutamine
	(C)	Hepatic gluconeogenesis		(C)	Asparagine
	(D)	Blood glucose concentration maintained		(D)	Lysine
14		characteristic feature following	19.	Vitar	min K is required for which of the
' ''		e ingestion of alcohol is:	.;	follov	wing reaction ?
		Activation of fatty acid oxidation		(A)	Hydroxylation
		Lactic acidosis		(B)	Chelation
	(C)	Inhibition of ketogenesis		(C):	Transamination
	(D)	Increase in gluconeogenesis		(D)	Carboxylation
	Most	common inherited defect of	20.	Eryth	rocyte transketolase activity is
,.	urea cycle :				ited in :
	(A)	Ornithine transcarbomylase		(A)	Pellagra
	(B)	Arginase (A)		(B)	Beriberi
	(C)	Arginosuccinate Lyase		(C)	Scurvy

(D) Carbamoyl phosphate synthase

(C) Scurvy

(D) Rickets

- 21. Which statement best describes the mechanism of action of ethosu-ximide in absence seizures?
 - (A) Sodium channel blockade
 - (B) Increasing GABA
 - (C) Calcium channel blockade
 - (D) Chloride channel blockade
- 22. Anagrelide is used in the treatment of :
 - (A) Idiopathic Thrombocytopenic Purpura
 - (B) Essential thrombocytosis
 - (C) AML type 7
 - (D) Myelodysplastic syndrome
- 23. Which of the following increases with atorvastatin therapy?
 - (A) VLDL concentration
 - (B) LDL receptor density
 - (C) Sterol absorption
 - (D) Plasma free fatty acids
- 24. Phase 2 clinical trial is done to access:
 - (A) Therapeutic efficacy
 - (B) Maximum tolerated dose
 - (C) Toxicity
 - (D) Maximum lethal dose
- 25. Bromocriptine inhibits:
 - (A) Prolactin
 - (B) Vasopressin
 - (C) Imipramine
 - (D) Levodopa

- 26. Which of the following is the most beta-1 selective antagonist?
 - (A) Acebutolol
 - (B) Atenoloi
 - (C) Metoprolol.
 - (D) Bisoprolol
- 27. The drug of choice for management of infantile spasm is:
 - (A) Phenytoin
 - (B) Valproate
 - (C) ACTH
 - (D) Diazepam
- 28. Vincristine acts in which phase of the Cell Cycle?
 - (A) G1
 - (B) S
 - (C) G2
 - (D) M
- 29. Peripheral neuropathy is seen due to prolonged use of all EXCEPT:
 - (A) Zalcitabine
 - (B) Didanosine
 - (C) Stavudine
 - (D) Lamivudine
- 30. Lithium can be used in all of the following conditions EXCEPT:
 - (A) Cluster headache
 - (B) SIADH
 - (C) Cancer chemotherapy
 - (D) Syndenham's chorea

- 31. Which of these is FALSE about Ewings sarcoma?
 - (A) Bone forming
 - (B) t (11, 22)
 - (C) Diaphyseal in origin
 - (D) Small round cell tumour
- 32. Which of these is a neoplastic intestinal polyp?
 - (A) Hyperplastic polyp
 - (B) Peutz-Jeghers polyp
 - (C) Tubular adenoma
 - (D) Juvenile polyp
- 33. Which of the following is a large vessel vasculitis?
 - (A) Wegener's granulomatosis
 - (B) Churg-Strauss syndrome
 - (C) Takayasu's arteritis
 - (D) Microscopic polyangitis
- 34. Hemodialysis associated amyloidosis is due to which precursor protein?
 - (A) β2 microglobulin
 - (B) Transthyretin
 - (C) Immunoglobulin light chains
 - (D) Calcitonin
- 35. Which complement component is important for opsonization and phagocytosis?
 - (A) C₃₈
 - (B) C_{3b}
 - (C) C_{5a}
 - (D) MAC

- 36. Tram track appearance in renal biopsy is seen in :
 - (A) Membranous glomerulopathy
 - (B) Membranoproliferative glomerulonephritis
 - (C) IgA nephropathy
 - (D) Post streptococcal glomerulonephritis
- 37. Which of these is a T-cell NHL?
 - (A) Lymphomatoid granulomatosis
 - (B) T-cell rich large B-cell lymphoma
 - (C) Mantle cell lymphoma
 - (D) Mycosis fungoides
- 38. A 30-year-old-male who received kidney transplant and was on high dose steroids presented with features of meningo-encephalitis. At autopsy there was a gelatinous meningeal exudates with cystic areas containing rounded organisms with prominent capsule. Which of the following stains would highlight these organisms?
 - (A) Perl's Prussian Blue
 - (B) Mucicarmine
 - (C) Giemsa
 - (D) Alcian Blue
- 39. A 25-year-old-woman develops sudden dyspnea with cyanosis and hypotension during a vaginal delivery of a normal male infant. She has generalized seizures and becomes

comatose. Which of the following is most likely to be present in her pulmonary arteries?

- (A) Gas bubbles
- (B) Amniotic fluid
- (C) Fat globules
- (D) Thrombus
- 40. Macrophages containing bacteria in the small intestinal mucosa are seen in:
 - (A) Mediterranean lymphoma
 - (B) Whipple disease
 - (C) Amoebiasis
 - (D) Celiac disease
- 41. Warthin Finkeldy cells are found in:
 - (A) Measles
 - (B) Mumps
 - (C) Molluscum contagiosum
 - (D) Herpes simplex infection
- 42. Prozone phenomenon is due to:
 - (A) Antigen excess
 - (B) Antibody excess
 - (C) Excessive immune complex
 - (D) Acute phase reactants
- 43. A 15 year old member of high school swim team notices painless, umbilicated cutaneous lesions on the toes. Large eosinophilic cytoplasmic inclusions are present in the affected

epithelia. What is the most likely causative agent?

- (A) Adenovirus
- (B) Cytomegalovirus
- (C) Molluscum contagiousm virus
- (D) Herpes simplex virus
- 44. Craigie's tube method is used to differentiate:
 - (A) Motile and non-motile strains
 - (B) Virulent and avirulent strains
 - (C) Capsulated and non-capsulated strains
 - (D) Rough and smooth strains
- 45. Human immunodeficiency virus affects:
 - (A) B. cells
 - (B) Helper T cells
 - (C) Suppressor T cells
 - (D) Cytotoxic T cells
- 46. All are live vaccine EXCEPT:
 - (A) Measles vaccine
 - (B) BCG vaccine
 - (C) Salk's vaccine
 - (D) Yellow fever vaccine
- 47. Antibody that is produced rapidly and in high amounts during secondary response:
 - (A) IgM
 - (B) IgG
 - (C) IgA
 - (D) IgM and IgG

48. In Gram EXCEP	n's staining, all are use τ	d 53.	Grevious injury is punishable under Section:
	ingo red		(A) 320 IPC
	line		(B) 354 IPC
. : (C)-:- Cry	ystal violet :		(C) 402 IPC
(D) Alo	cohol		(D) 318 IPC
	of the following is catalas	e 54.	Death sentence without the need for
positive (A) Sta	? phylococcus epidermidis		confirmation by higher courts can be given by:
			(A) Chief Metropolitan Magistrate
	terococcus		(B) Session Court
	eptococcus		(C) High Court
(D) Pn	eumococcus		(D) First Class Judicial Magistrate
diagnos syphillis	s most sensitive in the sis of which stage o ? mary	55	As per MCI regulations, a medical practitioner should maintain the records of in-patients for a minimum
` ,	condary		period of:
• •	tiary		(A) 2 years
1,273.18			(B) 3 years (C) 4 years
·	activation		(D) 5 years
51. Putrefac	tion first starts in :		
(A) Live	er (1975)	56.	Florence test for seminal stains tests for the presence of :
(B) Lar	ynx .		(A) Spermine
(C) Hea	art		(B) Choline
(D) Bra	in		(C) Inositol
52. All of the	following produce dilated	4	(D) Aluminium molybdate
pupil EX	CEPT:	57	Drug used for narcoanalysis is:
(A) Cod	caine	07.	(A) Atropine
(B) Alco	ohol	* / .	(B) Pethidine
(C) Opi	ium - : ' :		(C) Scopolamine
(D) Dat	tura		(D) Phenobarbitone

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- 58. A factory worker presents with excessive salivation, blue line on gums, tremors, disturbed personality, insomnia and loss of appetite. What is the diagnosis?
 - (A) Arsenic poisoning
 - (B) Lead poisoning
 - (C) Mercury poisoning
 - (D) Phosphorous poisoning
- 59. Magistrate inquest in India is conducted for all the following conditions EXCEPT:
 - (A) Exhumation
 - (B) Custody death
 - (C) Homicide
 - (D) Dowry death
- 60. Which bone is involved in Hinge fracture?
 - (A) Skull
 - (B) Femur
 - (C) Vertebrae
 - (D) Pelvis
- 61. In India, medical termination of pregnancy is permitted upto:
 - (A) 20 weeks
 - (B) 22 weeks
 - (C) 28 weeks
 - (D) Anytime during pregnancy
- 62. Extract from the following poison resembles viper venom:
 - (A) Semecarpus anacardium

- (B) Abrus precatorius
- (C) Plumbago rosea
- (D) Croton tiglium
- 63. Medullary index of long bones helps to determine:
 - (A) Age
 - (B) Sex
 - (C) Race
 - (D) Stature
- 64. Ochronosis is due to chronic exposure to:
 - (A) Carbolic acid
 - (B) Phosphorus
 - (C) Mercury salt
 - (D) lodine fumes
- 65. The following are due to toxic exposure to lead EXCEPT:
 - (A) Anemia
 - (B) Wrist drop
 - (C) Blue line in gums
 - (D) Insomnia
- 66. For Asian populations, the normal BMI (Body Mass Index) range is:
 - (A) 18.5 24.99
 - (B) 18.5 22.99
 - (C) 20.5 24.99
 - (D) 20.5-22.99

- 67. The incidence rate of a disease is five times greater in women than in men, but the prevalence rates show no sex difference. The best explanation is that:
 - (A) The crude all-cause mortality rate is greater in women
 - (B) The case-fatality from this disease is greater in women
 - (C) The case-fatality from this disease is lower in women
 - (D) The duration of this disease is shorter in men
- 68. In the demographic cycle, India is in:
 - (A) High stationary stage
 - (B) Early expanding stage
 - (C) Late expanding stage
 - (D) Low stationary stage
- 69. As per National Immunization Schedule, second dose of measles vaccine is recommended at:
 - (A) 6 months
 - (B) 18 months
 - (C) 36 months
 - (D) 48 months
- 70. A program manager from an international health funding agency needs to identify regions that would benefit from an intervention aimed at reducing premature disability. The program manager asks a health care consultant to develop a proposal using an index

that would help her make this decision. Which of the following would best serve this purpose?

- (A) Case-fatality
- (B) Crude mortality rate
- (C) Disability-adjusted life-years
- (D) Standardized mortality ratio
- 71. In cohort studies of the role of a suspected factor in the etiology of a disease, it is essential that:
 - (A) There be equal numbers of persons in both study groups
 - (B) At the beginning of the study, those with the disease and those without the disease have equal risks of having the factor
 - (C) The study group with the factor and the study group without the factor be representative of the general population
 - (D) The exposed and non-exposed groups under study be as similar as possible with regard to possible confounding factors
- 72. If adverse events are totally not connected with the immunizing agent then this type of AEFI is called:
 - (A) Vaccine reaction
 - (B) Program error
 - (C) Coincidental events
 - (D) Others

(Turn over)

- 73. Residents of three villages with three different types of water supply were asked to participate in a survey to identify cholera carriers. Because several cholera deaths had occurred recently, virtually everyone present at the time underwent examination. The proportion of residents in each village who were carriers was computed and compared. What is the proper classification for this study?
 - (A) Cross-sectional study
 - (B) Case-control study
 - (C) Prospective cohort study
 - (D) Retrospective cohort study
- 74. In which one of the following types of study designs does a subject serve as his own control?
 - (A) Prospective cohort study
 - (B) Case-crossover study
 - (C) Retrospective cohort study
 - (D) Case-cohort study
- 75. Which of the following is a condition which may occur during the incubation period?
 - (A) Onset of clinical illness
 - (B) Receipt of infection
 - (C) Transmission of infection
 - (D) Signs and symptoms of disease
- 76. Acute Flaccid Paralysis is reported in a child aged :
 - (A) 0-3 years

- (B) 0-5 years
- (C) 0-15 years
- (D) 0 25 years
- 77. As per the Indian Council of Medical Research (ICMR) guidelines, a person is said to be Diabetic when Plasma Fasting Glucose level is more than or equal to:
 - (A) 100 mg/dl
 - (B) 126 mg/dl
 - (C) 200 mg/dl
 - (D) 160 mg/dl
- 78. Dengue is spread by:
 - (A) Culex
 - (B) Anopheles
 - (C) Manonides
 - (D) Aedes
- 79. In a normal distribution curve:
 - (A) Mean = 2 Standard Deviation
 - (B) Mean = Median
 - (C) Mean = Variance
 - (D) Mean = 1 Standard Deviation
- 80. Exclusive breast feeding should be practised for how many months after delivery?
 - (A) Three
 - (B) Six
 - (C) Nine
 - (D) Twelve

81.	Koebner's phenomena are seen in all the following EXCEPT:	86.	Lyre's sign in CT angiography is seen in:		
	(A) Lichen Planus		(A) Carotid body tumor		
	(B) Psoriasis		(B) Glomus tympanicum		
	(C) Warts		(C) Glomus jugulare		
	(D) Pityriasis rosea		(D) Branchial fistula		
82.	The best treatment for acute dermatitis:	87.	Thymus is rarely discovered in chest X-ray after the age of :		
	(A) Moist compression		(A) 6 months		
	(B) Ointments		(B) 2 years		
	(C) Pastes		(C) 4 years		
	(D) Creams		(D) 8 years		
83.	Apple Jelly nodules are seen in	88.	All are radiological features of Tuberculosis EXCEPT:		
	(A) Icthyosis vulgaris		(A) Collapse of vertebral body		
	(B) Lichen planus		(B) Reduced disc space		
•	(C) Lupus vulgaris		(C) Lytic lesions in vertebral body		
	(D) Lupus erythematous		(D) Edging of vertebrae		
84.	Which of the following causes scarring alopecia?	89.	The most radiosensitive tissue of human body is:		
	(A) Tinea capitis		(A) Salivary glands		
	(B) Alopecia areata		(B) Pancreas		
	(C) Telogen effluvium		(C) Neuronal cells		
	(D) Lichen planus		(D) Lymphoblasts		
	Most common nerve affected in 90. leprosy is:		Piezoelectric effect is used in which of the following imaging modality?		
	(A) Radial nerve		(A) Ultrasound		
	(B) Ulnar nerve		(B) X-ray/CT scan		
	(C) Median nerve		(C) MRI		
	(D) Axillary nerve		(D) PET		

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91. You suspect that your patient has an enlarged submandibular salivary gland. You expect the enlarged gland:

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- (A) To be palpable intraorally
- (B) To be palpable extraorally
- (C) To be palpable both intra and extraorally
- (D) Only to be detectable by radiographical examination
- 92. During an inferior alveolar nerve block, the needle ideally passes:
 - (A) Posterior and medial to medial pterygoid
 - (B) Anterior and lateral to medial pterygoid
 - (C) Through medial pterygoid
 - (D) Inferior to medial pterygoid
- 93. You notice that your patient's submandibular lymph nodes are enlarged. You would look for potential infection sites in the:
 - (A) Hard palate
 - (B) Hard palate and upper lip
 - (C) Hard palate, upper lip and upper central incisor
 - (D) Hard palate, upper lip, upper central incisor and lower first molar

- 94. The regional lymphatic drainage of the left side of the tip of the tongue is to the:
 - (A) Left submental lymph node
 - (B) Left and right submental lymph node
 - (C) Left submandibular lymph node
 - (D) Left and right submandibular lymph nodes
- 95. Which of the following is a developmental cyst?
 - (A) Periapical cyst
 - (B) Residual cyst
 - (C) Odontogenic keratocyst
 - (D) Paradental cyst
- 96. Which of the following myeloproliferative disorder is associated with c-KIT point mutation?
 - (A) Polycythemia vera
 - (B) Systemic mastocytosis
 - (C) Chronic eosinophilic leukemia
 - (D) Primary myelofibrosis
- 97. Which of these is the most common mutation in hereditary spherocytosis?
 - (A) Ankyrin
 - (B) α-spectrin
 - (C) β-spectrin
 - (D) Band 4.2

- 98. Which of the following is not a hereditary thrombophilia?
 - (A) Protein C deficiency
 - (B) Factor XIII deficiency
 - (C) Increased factor VIII
 - (D) Factor V Leiden
- 99. PIGA gene mutation is seen in:
 - (A) Hereditary spherocytosis
 - (B) Hereditary elliptocytosis
 - (C) Paroxysmal nocturnal hemoglobinuria
 - (D) Fanconi syndrome
- 100. Which of the following is not a clinical consequence of portal hypertension?
 - (A) Ascitis
 - (B) Hepatomegaly
 - (C) Formation of portosystemic shunt
 - (D) Hepatic encephalopathy
- 101. All of the following are the causes of hyperthermia EXCEPT:
 - (A) Hypothyroidism
 - (B) Cerebral haemorrhage
 - (C) Succinylcholine
 - (D) Pheochromocytoma
- 102. Loss of gastric acidity increases the risk of infection due to:
 - (A) Salmonella species
 - (B) Staph aureus
 - (C) Giardiasis
 - (D) Candida

- 103. End Stage Renal Disease (ESRD) is diagnosed when GFR falls below:
 - (A) 5 mL/min per 1.73 m²
 - (B) 10 mL/min per 1.73 m²/
 - (C) 15 mL/min per 1.73 m²
 - (D) 20 mL/min per 1.73 m²
- 104. The class of lupus nephritis with worst prognosis is
 - (A) Class 2
 - (B) Class 3
 - (C) Class 4
 - (D) Class 5
- 105. Cardiac manifestations of Lyme's disease are all EXCEPT!

and the plant

- (A) Heart block
- (B) Myocarditis
- (C) Pericarditis
- (D) Myocardial abscess
- 106. MENKES disease due to defective absorption of :
 - (A) Zinc
 - (B) Manganese
 - (C) Copper
 - (D) Selenium
- 107. Recurrent meningococcal meningitis occurs in :
 - (A) C1 esterase deficiency
 - (B) C2 deficiency
 - (C) C3 deficiency
 - (D) C5-9 deficiency

(Turn over)

- 108. All of the following are supplemented in cystic fibrosis with gastrointestinal disease EXCEPT:
 - (A) Vitamin E
 - (B) Vitamin K
 - (C) Vitamin B12
 - (D) Pancreatic Lipase
- 109. Which of the following cranial nerve is most commonly involved in patients with Sarcoidosis?
 - (A) Il cranial nerve
 - (B) Ill cranial nerve
 - (C) VII cranial nerve
 - (D) IX cranial nerve
- 110. Endocrine causes for hypertension are all EXCEPT:
 - (A) Cushing's syndrome
 - (B) Hypopituitarism
 - (C) Hyperaldosteronism
 - (D) Gigantism
- 111. Gold standard test for diagnosing GERD is:
 - (A) Ambulatory pH monitoring
 - (B) Esophageal manometry
 - (C) Endoscopy
 - (D) Barium swallow
- 112. Xanthochromia of CSF is seen in all EXCEPT:
 - (A) Bloody tap

- (B) Carotene
- (C) Increased antibodies
- (D) Increased proteins
- 113. Nephrotic syndrome is a complication of malaria caused by:
 - (A) Plasmodium falciparum
 - (B) Plasmodium ovale
 - (C) Plasmodium malariae
 - (D) Plasmodium vivax
- 114. All are features of Obstructive sleep apnea EXCEPT:
 - (A) RVF
 - (B) LVF
 - (C) Hypoxia
 - (D) Hypercarbia
- 115. Tall T waves are seen in:
 - (A) Hypercalcemia
 - (B) Hypocalcemia
 - (C) Hyperkalemia
 - (D) Hypokalemia
- 116. Reverse splitting of S2 occurs in:
 - (A) ASD
 - (B) VSD
 - (C) PDA
 - (D) RBBB
- 117. Kerley B lines are seen in:
 - (A) Pulmonary edema
 - (B) Pulmonary embolism
 - (C) Lung abscess
 - (D) Carcinoma bronchus

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118. Episodic hypertension is the	123. Cleft palate is repaired at:
characteristic of :	(A) 2-4 months
(A) Carcinoid tumor	(B) 1-4 weeks
(B) Insulinoma	(C) 6-12 months
(C) Pheochromocytoma	(D) 12-18 months
(D) Zollinger Ellison Syndrome	124. Koplik spot is located:
119 Minimum possible score in	(A) Opposite to first molar
"Glasgow coma scale" is :	(B) Opposite to premolar
(A) 0	(C) Opposite to incisor
(B) 1	(D) Opposite to canine
(C) 3	125. Most common complication of
(D) 5	mumps in children :
120. All are the causes of acute	
tubulointerstitial nephritis EXCEPT	: (B) Aseptic meningitis
(A) Methicillin	(C) Myocarditis
(B) Sjogren syndrome	(D) Pancreatitis
(C) SLE	126. Which of the following carpal bone
(D) Down's syndrome	will be present in wrist X-ray of a 2
121. All are causes of eosinophilia	month old child?
EXCEPT:	(A) Capitate
(A) Allergic Rhinitis	(B) Scaphoid
(B) Trichinosis	(C) Lunate
(C) Corticosteroid therapy	(D) Trapezoid
(D) Rheumatoid arthritis	127. How many permanent teeth will be
122. Childern can reach for objects by :	present in an 8 year old child?
(A) 4 months	(A) 20
(B) 6 months	(B) 24
(C) 8 months	(C) 12
(D) 10 months	(D) 16
(b) Tottlonins	

- 128. Triphasic histology of stromal, epithelial and blastemal components is a feature of :
 - (A) Neuroblastoma
 - (B) Wilms tumour
 - (C) Retinoblastoma
 - (D) Rhabdomyosarcoma
- 129. What percentage of weight loss in infants constitutes severe dehydration?
 - (A) >10% loss of body weight
 - (B) >6% loss of body weight
 - (C) 5% loss of body weight
 - (D) 7% loss of body weight
- 130. Most common cause of congenital hypothyroidism?
 - (A) Thyroid dysgenesis
 - (B) Dyshormonogenesis
 - (C) Antithyroid antibodies
 - (D) Maternal hypothyroidism
- 131. Fine needle aspiration cytology is used as a diagnostic modality in all the following thyroid malignancies EXCEPT:
 - (A) Papillary carcinoma
 - (B) Follicular carcinoma
 - (C) Anaplastic carcinoma
 - (D) Medullary carcinoma

- 132. Which of the following is an absorbable suture material?
 - (A) Polyglycolide
 - (B) Silk
 - (C) Polypropylene
 - (D) Cotton
- 133. Most common artery responsible for haemorrhage in peptic ulcer is:
 - (A) Gastroepiploic artery
 - (B) Left gastric artery
 - (C) Gastroduodenal artery
 - (D) Superior mesenteric artery
- 134. Majority of urinary bladder cancers are:
 - (A) Adenocarcinoma
 - (B) Adenosquamous carcinoma
 - (C) Squamous carcinoma
 - (D) Transitional cell carcinoma
- 135. Commonest cancer arising from a burn scar is:
 - (A) Adenocarcinoma
 - (B) Fibrosarcoma
 - (C) Squamous cell carcinoma
 - (D) Adenosquamous carcinoma
 - 136. Cork screw esophagus in barium swallow is seen in :
 - (A) Achalasia cardia
 - (B) Esophageal cancer
 - (C) Diffuse esophageal spasm
 - (D) Diverticulum

142. Most common site for ectopic testis 137. Dahlman's procedure is done for the management of: is: Diffuse esophageal spasm (A) Perineum (B) Zenker's diverticulum (B) Above superficial inguinal ring (C) Gastroesophageal reflux (C) Root of penis (D) Carcinoma esophagus (D) Femoral triangle 138. In an intussusceptions, the term 143. What type of metabolic changes are intussuscepiens refers to: seen in a burn patient? (A) The inner tube (A) Hyperkalemic metabolic (B) The middle tube acidosis (C) The outer tube (B) Hyperkalemic metabolic (D) The entire complex alkalosis 139. Proteus favours the formation of (C) Hypokalemic metabolic which type of renal stones? acidosis Calcium oxalate (A) (D) Hypokalemic metabolic (B) Uric acid alkalosis (C) Cysteine 144. Trendlenberg's test done for varicose (D) Struvite veins is for detection of: 140. Tissue reaction is minimal with: (A) Perforator incompetency (A) Dexon (B) Deep vein patency (B) Catgut (C) Saphenofemoral incompetency (C) Silk (D) Site of perforators (D) Chromic gut 145. Which of the following is the most 141. The triad of diverticulosis, gall stones common site for ischemic colitis? and hiatus hernia is termed as: (A) Transverse colon (A) Saint's triad (B) Sigmoid colon (B) Beck's triad (C) Hepatic flexure (C) Whipple's triad

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(D) Splenic flexure

(D) Murphy's triad

- 146. "Saw tooth pattern" in barium enema is seen in :
 - (A) Volvulus
 - (B) Interssucception
 - (C) Diverticulosis
 - (D) Hyperplastic TB
- 147. Lower gastrointestinal bleeding in children is commonly due to:
 - (A) Diverticulosis
 - (B) Vascular ectasia
 - (C) Irritable bowel disease
 - (D) Meckle's diverticulum
- 148. Casoni's test is an investigational modality for:
 - (A) Hydatid cyst
 - (B) Choledochal cyst
 - (C) Pseudopancreatic cyst
 - (D) Polycystic kidney disease
- 149. The content of hernia sac in Littre's hernia:
 - (A) Circumference of intestine
 - (B) Meckle's diverticulum
 - (C) Sigmoid colon
 - (D) Omentum
- 150. Goodsall's rule is used in the classification of:
 - (A) Hemorrhoids
 - (B) Fistula in ano
 - (C) Intestinal tuberculosis
 - (D) Colorectal carcinoma

- 151. Trendelberg's sign is positive in injury to:
 - (A) Gluteus maximus
 - (B) Gluteus medius
 - (C) Quadriceps femoris
 - (D) Quadratus lumborum
- 152. Posterior displacement of femur on the tibia is prevented by :
 - (A) Anterior cruciate ligament
 - (B) Posterior cruciate ligament
 - (C) Medial meniscus
 - (D) Lateral meniscus
- 153. Baker's cyst is a swelling which occurs in:
 - (A) Pepliteal fossa
 - (B) Cubital fossa
 - (C) Lateral malleolus
 - (D) Medial malleolus
- 154. Most common cause of punched out lesions in phalanges is:
 - (A) Enchondroma
 - (B) Chondrosarcoma
 - (C) Aneurysmal bone cyst
 - (D) Multiple myeloma
- 155. Most sensitive test to detect anterior cruciate ligament injury in a setting of acute knee injury is:
 - (A) Lachman's test
 - (B) Pivot shift test
 - (C) Anterior drawer test
 - (D) Apley's grinding test

- 156. All the following are true about Rheumatoid Arthritis EXCEPT:
 - (A) Positive for Anti-IgG antibody
 - (B) Juxta-articular osteoporosis
 - (C) Morning stiffness
 - (D) Elevation of CRP indicates better prognosis
- 157. The commonest complication of Colles' fracture is:
 - (A) Mal-union
 - (B) Sudeck's osteodystrophy
 - (C) Non-union
 - (D) Paresthesia
- 158. A teenage girl complains of pain over the knee. The pain increases while starting to stand from sitting position and while walking upstairs. What is the likely diagnosis?
 - (A) Torn Meniscus
 - (B) Patellar Fracture
 - (C) Chondromalacia of Patella
 - (D) Bipartite Patella
- 159. X-ray findings of Achondroplasia are all of the following EXCEPT:
 - (A) Rhizomelic shortening
 - (B) Tombstone appearance of iliac bones
 - (C) Increased diameter of foramen magnum
 - (D) Decreased interpediculate distance within lower lumbar spine

- 160. Osteochondritis of lunate bone is known as:
 - (A) Perthes disease
 - (B) Osgood-Schlatter disease
 - (C) Sever disease
 - (D) Kienboch's disease
- 161. Carhart's notch in otosclerosis is observed at:
 - (A) 1000 Hz
 - (B) 2000 Hz
 - (C) 3000 Hz
 - (D) 4000 Hz
- 162. A 20 year old college student presents with intolerance to every-body's sound. Injury to which of the following cranial nerves could be responsible for this?
 - (A) 5th
 - (B) 7th
 - (C) 8th
 - (D) 9th
- 163. Barotraumatic otitis media is a result of :
 - (A) Rapid descent while in an aircraft
 - (B) Rapid ascent while in an aircraft
 - (C) Sudden acceleration while in a
 - (D) Sudden deceleration while in a bus

- 164. True statement about antrochoanal polyp is:
 - (A) Often bilateral
 - (B) Usually multiple
 - (C) Arises from lateral wall
 - (D) Recurrence is less common
- 165. A patient hears better in noisy environment. Most likely diagnosis is:
 - (A) Hyperacusis
 - (B) Presbyacusis
 - (C) Hypoacusis
 - (D) Paraacusis
- 166. Symblepharon is caused by:
 - (A) Diphtheria
 - (B) Gonococci
 - (C) Chlamydia
 - (D) Opthalmia neonatorum
- 167. Which laser is used in LASIK?
 - (A) Nd Yag Laser
 - (B) Excimer
 - (C) CO₂
 - (D) Argon Laser
- 168. Left homonymous hemianopia is due to lesion in:
 - (A) Optic Chiasma
 - (B) Left optic radiation
 - (C) Right optic radiation
 - (D) Right optic tract

- 169. Tear drop sign is seen in:
 - (A) Fracture floor of orbit
 - (B) Retinoblastoma
 - (C) Dry eyes
 - (D) Congenital nasolacrimal duct obstruction
- 170. Lagophthalmos is seen in:
 - (A) Leprosy
 - (B) Syphilis
 - (C) Peripheral neuritis
 - (D) Herpes infection
- 171. Medical treatment of ectopic pregnancy includes all the following EXCEPT:
 - (A) Dexamethasone
 - (B) Prostaglandins
 - (C) RU-486
 - (D) Methotrexate
- 172. Most common subtype of HPV implicated in carcinoma cervix is:
 - (A) HPV 33
 - (B) HPV 11
 - (C) HPV 16
 - (D) HPV 31
- 173. All are the supports of uterus EXCEPT:
 - (A) Mackenrodt's ligament
 - (B) Round ligament
 - (C) Uterosacral ligament
 - (D) Transcervical ligament

Mark Comment

174	4. Bleeding of fetal origin :		179.	Largest fetal skull diameter is :		
177.	(A)	Vasa previa		(A)	Mento-vertical	
	` .	Circumvellate placenta		(B)	Submento vertical	
	(B)			(C)	Submento bregmatic	
	(C)	Placenta previa		(D)	Occipito frontal	
	(D)	Abruption placenta	180.	Vacu	um delivery is contraindicated	
175.	Norn	nal length of female urethra is :		in:	•	
	(A)	20 mm		(A)	Pre-term	
	(B)	40 mm		(B)	Post-term	
	(C)	60 mm		(C)	Prolonged second stage	
	(D)	80 mm		(D)	Cardiac disease	
176.	Sex	ex cord stromal tumours include all		•	Polyhydramnios is seen in al	
	EXCEPT:				EPT:	
	(A)	Yolk sac tumor		(A) (B)	Diabetes mellitus Anencephaly	
	(B)	Granulosa cell tumor		(C)	Trachea-esophageal fistula	
	(C)	Sertoli cell tumor		(D)	Renal agenesis	
	(D)	Leydig cell tumor	182.	Star	gazing fetus in ultrasonography	
177	77. Which is the most common ovarian			is seen in :		
17.6		or in pregnancy?		(A)	Transverse lie with hyper extended head	
	(A)	Serous cystadenoma		(B)	Anencephaly	
	(B)	Mucinous cystadenoma		(C)	Breech with hyper extended	
	(C)	Dermoid tumor			head	
	(D)	Solid teratoma		(D)	Hydropsfetalis	
178.		ometrium is seen in :	183.	The prop	recommended dose of hylactic anti-D after term delivery	
	(A)	Secretory endometrium		(A)	100 microgram	
	(B)	Hyperplastic endometrium		(B)	200 microgram	
	(C)	Cystic glandular hyperplasia		(C)	300 microgram	
	(D)	Endometrial carcinoma		(D)	400 microgram	

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- 184. Fetal scalp blood pH is used to diagnose:
 - (A) IUGR
 - (B) Alpha fetoprotein level
 - (C) Fetal hypoxia
 - (D) Fetal diabetes
- 185. Anteroposterior diameter is more than transverse diameter in which type of pelvis?
 - (A) Android
 - (B) Anthropoid
 - (C) Platypelloid
 - (D) Gynecoid
- 186. Progesterone only pills carry the risk of:
 - (A) Hypertension
 - (B) Venous embolism
- (C) Irregular bleeding
 - (D) Ectopic pregnancy.
- 187. Commonest side for fibroids in uterus is:
 - (A) Subserous
 - (B) Intramural (B)
 - (C) Submucosal
 - (D) Cervical
- 188. Schiller Duval bodies are seen in :
 - (A) Endodermal sinus tumor
 - (B) Embryonal carcinoma
 - (C) Dermoid cyst
 - (D) Brenner tumor

- 189. Call Exner bodies are found in:
 - (A) Endodermal sinus tumor
 - (B) Leydig cell tumor
 - (C) Thecoma
 - (D) Granulosa cell tumor
- 190. Amsel criteria is used in the diagnosis of:
 - (A) Bacterial vaginosis
 - (B) Trichomonas vaginalis
 - (C) Vaginal candidiasis
 - (D) Chlamydial infections
- 191. The muscle relaxant that exhibits phase II blockade after prolonged administration is:
 - (A) Atracurium
 - (B) Vecuronium
 - (C) Recuronium
 - (D) Succinylcholine
- 192. The intravenous agent causing temporary inhibition of steroid system is:
 - (A) Propofol
 - (B) Thiopentone
 - (C) Etomidate
 - (D) Midazolam
- 193. The inhalational agent that is maximally metabolized is:
 - (A) Xenon
 - (B) Nitrous oxide
 - (C) Desflurane
 - (D) Halothane

- 194. Agent causing malignant hyperthermia is:
 - (A) Succinyl choline
 - (B) Nitrous oxide
 - (C) Ether
 - (D) Verapamil
- 195. The following anesthetic drug causes pain on intravenous administration:
 - (A) Propofol
 - (B) Ketamine
 - (C) Thiopentone
 - (D) Midazolam
- 196. One of the following is good prognostic factor in schizophrenia:
 - (A) Insidious onset
 - (B) Positive symptoms
 - (C) Disorganized subtype
 - (D) Absence of depression
- 197. Tactile hallucinations are seen in all EXCEPT:
 - (A) Frontal lobe tumor

- (B) Delirium tremens
- (C) Opioid withdrawal
- (D) Amphetamine abuse
- 198. Which of the following is termed as Ganser's syndrome?
 - (A) Post traumatic psychosis
 - (B) Anxiety neurosis
 - (C) Fear of high places
 - (D) Hysterical pseudodementia
- 199. Othello's syndrome is:
 - (A) Delusion of doubles
 - (B) Delusion of grandeur
 - (C) Delusion of infidelity
 - (D) Delusion of having ill health
- 200. All of the following are features of delirium EXCEPT:
 - (A) Insidious onset
 - (B) Clouding of consciousness
 - (C) Impaired comprehension
 - (D) Immediate retention disturbed

SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK